Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (Rev.06/08)

### **Auditing Procedures Report**

Instructions and MuniCodes

=Required Fields

Reset Form

Unit Name INDIANFIELDS TOWNSHIP County TUSCOLA Type TOWNSHIP MuniCode 79-1-130

Opinion Date-Use Calendar Sep 5, 2008 Audit Submitted-Use Calendar Sep 19, 2008 Fiscal Year 2008 Fiscal Year 2008

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes"	or non-applicable question below.	Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answe
"No."		

MC	) <b>,</b>	
×	? 1.	Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements?
X	? 2.	Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?
Г	? 3.	Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?
X	? 4.	Is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?
X	<b>?</b> 5.	Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?
X	? 6.	Was a public hearing on the budget held in accordance with State statute?
X	7. ?	Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, and other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?
X	<sup>8.</sup>	Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that were collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general property tax act?
X	? 9.	Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?
X	10.	. Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)
∀	?	Is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report under separate cover.)
	?12.	Is the local unit free of repeated reported deficiencies from previous years?
X	? 13.	Is the audit opinion unqualified?  14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA
χ̈	<b>—</b> 15.	Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?
X	? 16.	Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?
x	717.	To your knowledge, were the bank reconciliations that were reviewed performed timely?

General Fund Revenue:	\$ 620,409.00
General Fund Expenditure:	\$ <b>49</b> 8,248.00
Major Fund Deficit Amount:	\$ 0.00

[?]18. Are there reported deficiencies?

General Fund Balance: ?	\$ 306,075.00
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see instructions):  ?	\$ 0.00

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (reported deviations).

 $\overline{X}$  19. If so, was it attached to the audit report?

CPA (First Name) GARY	Last ANDERSON	Ten Digit Lice	005446	
CPA Street Address: 715 E FRANK ST	City CARO	State MI	Zip 48723 Code	Telephone +1 (989) 673-3137
CPA Firm Name ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERN	Unit's Street 715 E FRANK S'	Τ	Unit's CARO	Unit's 48723 Zip

### TOWNSHIP OF INDIANFIELDS, TUSCOLA COUNTY Caro, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with additional information) Year Ended March 31, 2008

# Township of Indianfields, Tuscola County

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# ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Gary R. Anderson, CPA
Jerry J. Bernhardt, CPA
Thomas B. Doran, CPA
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Jamic L. Peasley, CPA
Timothy Franzel

Robert L. Tuckey, CPA

September 5, 2008

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Township of Indianfields Tuscola County Caro, Michigan 48723

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Indianfields as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Indianfields management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Indianfields as of March 31, 2008, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments as of June 30, 2003.

The management's discussion and analysis budgetary comparison information on pages i through vi and 25 through 31 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

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Office locations in Caro, Cass City & Marlette

Township of Indianfields September 5, 2008

Our audit conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Indianfield's basic financial statements. The additional financial information listed in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements of Indianfields Township. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Onkern, Tucky, Bendardt Monen, R.C.

ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2008

As management of the Township of Indianfields, we offer readers of the Township of Indianfields' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

This reporting model was adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) – for State and Local Governments issued in June of 2000. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A. However, because this is the first year of implementing the new reporting model, certain necessary comparative information of the previous year was not prepared. Considering the financial resources necessary to prepare this information for the prior year, and that the GASB Statement No. 34 permits the omission of the comparative information in the first year of adoption of the new reporting model, the district has elected to exclude the comparative information. Comparative information will be presented next year.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Township's governmental activities assets exceed its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,306,772 (not assets). Of this amount, \$435,046 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Township's business-type activities assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$262,767. Of this amount \$334,751 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.
- > The Township's governmental activities total net assets increased by \$76,769.
- The Township's business-type activities total net assets decreased by \$1,000,974.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$802,712 an increase of 98,244 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$306,075 or 61 percent of total general fund expenditures.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary and additional information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2008

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., delinquent personal property taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, community and economic development, culture and recreational, and other functions.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Township maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is elsewhere in this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund in the required supplementary information and for the special revenue funds in the additional information to demonstrate compliance with budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 through 5 of this report.

**Business-Type Activities.** The Township's business-type activities consist of the Sewer Fund. The Sewer Fund is used to account for sewer services provided to residents of the Township.

The propriety fund financial statements can be found on pages 6-9 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2008

**Permanent Funds.** Permanent funds are used to accumulate funds for a specific purpose. The Township's permanent fund is the Perpetual Care Fund.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 12 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 24 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's general fund and special revenue budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 25 through 31 of this report.

### Government-wide Financial analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,569,539 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the Township's net assets \$427,076 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The Township's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt.

### Township of Indianfields' Net Assets

	Activities			usiness-Type Activities arch 31, 2008	Ma	Total_ arch 31, 2008
			1416	2000	1010	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	886,266 499,060	\$	376,047 8,656	\$	1,262,313 507,716
Total assets	\$	1,385,326	\$	384,703	\$	1,770,029
Current liabilities Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	\$	78,554 -	\$	57,676 64,260	\$	136,230 64,260
Total liabilities		78,554		121,936		200,490
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets		499,060		(71,984)		427,076
Restricted for a specific purpose Unrestricted		372,666 435,046		- 334,751		372,666 769,797
Total net assets		1,306,772		262,767		1,569,539
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,385,326	\$	384,703	\$	1,770,029

An additional portion of the Township's net assets \$372,666 represents resources that are subject to permanent restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$769,797 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances.

The government's net assets decreased by \$924,205 during the current fiscal year. The majority of this decrease represents the transfer of Sewer Fund assets to the Village of Caro.

### Township of Indianfields' Changes in Net Assets

		ovemmental Activities	Вι	usiness-Type Activities		Total		
	Ma	rch 31, 2008	Ma	arch 31, 2008	Ma	rch 31, 2008		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	63,012	\$	11,961	\$	74,973		
General revenues		,		,	•	•		
Property taxes								
Levied for general purposes		386,371		-		386,371		
State sources		211,995		-		211,995		
Investment earnings		23,783		13,967		37,750		
Other		12,651		-		12,651		
Total revenues		697,812		25,928		723,740		
Expenses								
Legislative		38,000		_		38,000		
General government		277,729		-		277,729		
Public safety		39,205		-		39,205		
Public works		180,780		-		180,780		
Culturat and recreational		45,141		-		45,141		
Unallocated depreciation		40,188		-		40,188		
Other functions				11,868		11,868		
Total expenses		621,043		11,868		632,911		
Increase in net assets		76,769		14,060		90,829		
Net assets, beginning of year		1,230,003		1,263,741		2,493,744		
Transfer to Village of Caro		-		(178,753)		(178,753)		
Decrease in contributed capital		<u>.</u>		(836,281)		(836,281)		
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,306,772	\$	262,767	\$	1,569,539		

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budget was unchanged from the original budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2008

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of March 31, 2008, amounts to \$507,716 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment, and office equipment and furniture.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

		mental activities		Type activities		
	Ma	rch 31, 2008	March 31, 2008			
Vehicles	\$	7,500				
Building and improvements		415,771				
Machinery and equipment		53,757				
Office equipment and furniture		22,032				
Loan closing cost			\$	7,988		
Bond Discound				668		
	_\$	499,060	\$	8,656		

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 19 of this report.

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Township of Indianfields goal is to continually look for the most efficient and effective methods to maintain and enhance the services that are provided to the public.

The Township has made conservative estimates concerning state revenue sharing for fiscal year 2009 due to the budget constraints at the State level.

### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Township's Office at 116 Joy Street, Caro, Michigan, 48723.



### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2008

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Certificates of deposit Special assessments - current Special assessments - deferred Taxes receivable Due from other funds Restricted assets:	\$ 348,854 51,503 - 13,851 91,818	\$ 203,192 50,000 5,658 35,638 344	\$ 552,048 101,503 5,658 35,638 13,851 92,162
Cash Certificates of Deposit Investments	379,040 1,200	81,215	81,215 379,040 1,200
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	886,266	376,047	1,262,313
CAPITAL ASSETS Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	499,060	8,656	507,716
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	499,060	8,656	507,716
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,385,326	\$ 384,703	\$ 1,770,029
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Revenue bonds payable - current	_	\$ 16,380	\$ 16,380
Deferred revenues	\$ 78,554	41,296	119,850
Total current liabilities	78,554	57,676	136,230
Long-term liabilities Long-term debt		64,260	64,260
TOTAL LIABILITIES	78,554	121,936	200,490
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for a specific purpose	499,060 372,666	(71,984)	427,076 372,666
Unrestricted	435,046	334,751	769,797
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1,306,772	262,767	1,569,539
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 1,385,326</u>	\$ 384,703	<u>\$ 1,770,029</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES March 31, 2008

		Program revenues		Net	Net (Expenses) Revenues	98
				<b>d</b>	Primary Government	
Functions/programs	Expenses	Charges for services	Capital Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary government Governmental activities						
Legislative	\$ 38,000	•		\$ (38,000)	1	\$ (38,000)
General government	277,729	•		(277,729)	F	5
Public safety	39,205	•		(39,205)	•	(39.205)
Public works	180,780	•		(180,780)	•	(180,780)
Recreation and culture	45,141	t		(45,141)	r	(45,141)
Other functions Unallocated depreciation	40,188	\$ 63,012		22.824	1	22 824
Total governmental activities	621,043	63,012	1	(558,031)		(558,031)
Business-type activities: Sewer Total primary government	190,621	11,961	\$ (836,281) \$ (836,281)	\$ (558 031)	S (1,014,941)	(1,014,941)
		2			1	(210,210,1)
General revenues						
Taxes				\$ 386,371		\$ 386,371
Intergovernmental				211,995		211,995
interest & rents Miscellaneous				23,783	\$ 13,967	37,750
Total general revenues				634,800	13,967	648,767
Changes in net assets				76,769	(1,000,974)	(924,205)
Net assets, beginning of year				1,230,003	1,263,741	2,493,744
Net assets, end of year				\$ 1,306,772	\$ 262,767	\$ 1,569,539

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ALL FUND TYPES & ACCOUNTS GROUPS March 31, 2008

			GOV		ENTAL FUN 'PES	D				TALS IDUM ONLY)
		C	APITAL		PECIAL EVENUE		PERMANENT FUND ETUAL CARE			NG ENTITY
	GENERAL	PF	ROJECTS	(CE	METERY)	,	FUND)	_	2008	2007
ASSETS  Cash on hand & in bank  Certificates of deposit  Special assessments - current	\$ 328,111	\$	37,113 51,503	\$	(16,370)			\$	348,854 51,503	\$ 344,2 <b>7</b> 2
Special assessments - deferred Taxes receivable Due from other funds Due from Village of Caro Fixed assets	8,851 91,818				102,537				8,851 194,355	9,942 162,786
Restricted Assets: Certificates of deposit Investments Due from other funds							379,040 1,200 94,963		379,040 1,200 94,863	349,403 1,200 83,263
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 428,780	\$	88,616	\$	86,167		476,203	<u>.</u> \$	1,078,766	\$ 950,866
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u> Accounts payable	\$ -							•		
Due to other funds	φ - 44,151			\$	50,812			\$	94,963	\$ - 83,263
Due to other Governmental units				•						,
Due to cemetery fund							102,537		102,537	86,375
Revenue bonds payable - current Revenue bonds payable - long-term									-	-
Deferred revenues	78,554								78,554	- 76,760
TOTAL LIABILITIES	122,705				50,812		102,537		276,054	246,398
FUND EQUITY: Contributed capital Contributions from customers			<del></del>						-	
Reserved for specific purpose							372,666		372,666	347,491
Undesignated	306,075	\$	88,616		35,355				430,046	356,977
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	306,075		88,616		35,355		372,666		802,712	704,468
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	\$ 428,780		88,616	\$	86,167	\$	475,203	\$ :	1,078,766	\$ 950,866
Total governmental fund balances						\$	802,712			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are Finacial resources and, therefore, are not reported Cost of the capital assets  Less accumulated depreciation	e not				,229,009 (729,949)		499,060			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for period expeditures and, therefore, are deferred in Delinquent personal property taxes receivable allowance for doubtful accounts	the funds						5,000			
All has declared and all the										
Net assets of governmental activities						<u>\$</u>	1,306,772			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES CEMETERY CAPITAL Perpetual			TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY) REPORTING ENTITY		
	GENERAL	FUND	PROJECTS	Care Fund	2008	2007
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$381,371				\$381,371	\$360,661
Intergovernmental revenue	211,995				211,995	209,575
Charges for services	12,893	\$ 50,119			63,012	58,039
Interest and rents	5,453	* ++1	\$ 2,168	\$ 16,162	23,783	22,054
Miscellaneous revenues	8,697	3,954	-,,,	*,	12,651	13,304
1311 may milest be made to 1 at 1 milest.					72,001	10,201
TOTAL REVENUES	620,409	54,073	2,168	16,162	692,812	663,633
			<del> </del>	·		
EXPENDITURES:						
Legislative	38,000				38,000	43,337
General government	195,122	96,320	-		291,442	292,145
Public safety	39,205				39,205	27,300
Public works	180,780				180,780	183,21 <del>9</del>
Recreation & cultural	45,141				45,141	46,032
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	498,248	96,320		-	594,568	592,033
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	122,161	(42,247)	2,168	16,162	98,244	71,600
• •	,	, , ,	•	,	,	•
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating Transfers	-	(9,013)	-	9,013	-	
Loan Proceeds - net of payments						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	_	(9,013)	_	9,013	_	_
TOTAL OTHER TRANSPORTS SOCROES (COLS).	_	(5,010)	_	9,010	_	,
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USED)	122,161	(51,260)	2,168	25,175	98,244	71,600
The Committee of the Court of t	.==,	(+1)4+4)	m, 1 - 4	20,	55,217	1 11000
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	183,914	86,615	86,448	347,491	704,468	632,868
			,			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$306,075	\$ 35,355	\$ 88,616	\$ 372,666	\$802,712	\$704,468

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$98,244
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures in the statement of activities.  These costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Depreciation expense	(40,188)
Capital outlay	13,713
Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Accrued revenue beginning of the year - primarily delinquent personal property tax	
Accrued revenue beginning of the year - primarily delinquent personal property tax  Accrued revenue end of the year - primarily delinquent personal property tax	5,000
, action to the control of the year.	
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$76,769

### TOWNSHIP OF INDIANFIELDS, TUSCOLA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PRORIETARY FUND March 31, 2008

	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE	
	ENTERPRISE (SEWER)	
ASSETS Cash on hand & in bank Special assessments - current Special assessments - deferred	\$	203,192 5,658 35,638
Taxes receivable Due from other funds Fixed assets Restricted Assets:		3 <b>44</b> 8,656
Replacement & Reserve accounts Certificates of deposit		81,215 50,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	384,703
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY  Revenue bonds payable - current  Revenue bonds payable - long-term  Deferred revenues	\$	16,380 64,260 41,296
TOTAL LIABILITIES		121,936
FUND EQUITY: Investment in general fixed assets, net of related debt Reserved for specific purpose Undesignated		(71,984) 334,751
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		262,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	\$	384,703

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	PROPRIETARY FUND	
	SEV	VER FUND
OPERATING REVENUE: Charges for services Speciał assessments	\$	6,035 5,926
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		11,961
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE		11,868
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		93
NON-OPERATING REVENUE: Interest earned		13,967
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) AND CONTRIBUTIONS		14,060
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers - In Operating transfers - Out Transfers to other governmental units		- - (178,753)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS		(164,693)
DECREASE IN CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL		(836,281)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		(1,000,974)
NET ASSETS BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,263,741
NET ASSETS END OF THE YEAR	\$	262,767

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	SEWER FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Cash received from customers  Cash paid to suppliers Interest received Interest paid	\$ 13,457 13,967 (3,287)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED IN) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24,137
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Construction in progress  NET CASH PROVIDED (USED IN) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Increase (decrease) in bond payable Increase (decrease) in transfers	(17,010)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED IN) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(17,010)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	7,127
CASH AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	327,280
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 334,407

# RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED) IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	SEV	VER FUND
NET INCOME	_\$_	14,060
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET INCOME TO NET CASH:		
Amortization and depreciation		8,581
(Increase) Decrease:  Due from village  Special assess. & sewer		6,000
connection receivable  Due from other funds		5,926 116
Taxes receivable Bond discount		-
Increase (Decrease):		(4.604)
Accounts payable Deferred revenue Due to other funds		(4,621) (5,925)
Total adjustments	<del></del>	10,077
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		24,137

Disclosure of Accounting Policy: For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits in banks and balances of certificates of deposit.

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PERPETUAL CARE FUND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	PERPETUAL CARE FUND	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Cash received from customers Interest received Interest paid	\$	29,637
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED IN) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		29,637
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Increase (decrease) in bond payable Increase (decrease) in transfers		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED IN) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		29,637
CASH AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		350,603
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	380,240

### PERPETUAL CARE FUND

# RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED) IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	PERPETUAL CARE FUND
NET INCOME	\$ 25,175
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET INCOME TO NET CASH:	
(Increase) Decrease:     Due from other funds     Bond discount Increase (Decrease):     Accounts payable	(11,700)
Due to other funds	16,162
Total adjustments	4,462
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 29,637

Disclosure of Accounting Policy: For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits in banks and balances of certificates of deposit.

### FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES March 31, 2008

	AGE	AGENCY FUND	
		CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash Taxes receivable	\$	57,089 573,438	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		630,527	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	630,527	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Due to general fund Due to library Due to county Due to schools Due to sewer fund Due to refuse fund Due to State of Michigan Due to Caro Transit Authority	<b>\$</b>	75,076 31,648 103,349 360,640 344 16,742 21,564 21,164	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<b>\$</b>	630,527	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Township of Indianfields, Michigan was organized in 1852 and covers an area of approximately 36 square miles within Tuscola County. The Township operates under an elected Board of Trustees (5 members) and provides services to its more than 7,000 residents in many areas including law enforcement, administration of justice, community enrichment and development and human services.

The financial statements of the Township of Indianfields have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

### A. ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

During the fiscal period 2003, the Township adopted GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issue June 1999; GASB Statement 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 21 and No. 34, issued June 2001, and in GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, issued in 2001. These statements require the Township to prepare a Management's Discussion and Analysis, government-wide financial statements on an accrual basis, and make some changes to the footnotes.

The following table shows beginning net assets related for the effects of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34:

Fund balance at March 31, 2007 – governmental funds \$ 704,468

Net capital assets (restated) 525,535

Restated net assets – April 1, 2007 \$1,230,003

### **B. REPORTING ENTITY:**

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision whether to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of the Township of Indianfields, Tuscola County include the accounts of all Township operations. The Township's major operations include planning and zoning, road maintenance, street lighting, cemetery, paramedic services, cultural and recreational services and general administrative services. The Township has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the Township.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

### C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINACIAL STATEMENTS:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities.

### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurrent, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current periods. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued):

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Cemetery Fund is utilized to account for cemetery revenues and expenditures used to take care of the Township's cemetery.

The Perpetual Care Fund is utilized to accumulate savings used to maintain the cemetery fund.

The government reports the following non-major fund is a major fund since there are no other non-major funds:

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for money that is set aside for future capital projects.

The government reports the following proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund is utilized to account for the sewer system revenues and expenditures necessary to provide residents with a sewer system.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments and the public safely millage. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, the unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:

### 1. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits. Investments included instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Investments are carried at amortized cost or fair value. The Township's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

State statutes authorize the Township to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase and not totaling more than 50% of any fund at any time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS, (Continued):

### 1. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Township is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

### Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

### Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for taxes and customer charges. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary and credit risk is minimal because of the large number of customers and the authority of the Township to add receivables to the tax rolls which are secured by the underlying property.

### Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and Michigan law.

### Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Fixed assets purchased within the proprietary funds and the non-expendable trust fund are reported as assets within those funds and accordingly, are included on their balance sheet.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government. Primarily because of this policy, total expenditures for capital improvements in the governmental funds do not equal total additions to the general fixed asset account group.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS, (Continued):

### 6. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Contributed capital currently exists only in the enterprise funds. This capital has been used along with other township resources to purchase or construct the water and sewer systems currently in use within the Township. In order to more accurately reflect the equity remaining in these contributions, the contributions are being amortized over the useful life of the assets they aided in constructing or purchasing.

### 7. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-reoccurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

### 8. Deferred Revenue

The General Fund collects a special assessment levy for refuse collection. The levy covers a period from December 1 through November 30. That portion of the levy applicable to the period from April 1 through November 30 is recorded as deferred revenue.

The Sewer Fund assessed several parcels of property for the cost of sewer line construction and connections to be repaid over a period not to exceed fifteen years. The portion of the assessments not due within twelve months is recorded as deferred revenue.

### 9. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS:

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Significant encumbrances outstanding at year-end, if any, are reported as reservations of fund balances because they will be re-appropriated in the subsequent fiscal year.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or prior to March 31 of each year, a proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Any revisions of the budget must be approved by the Board of Trustees.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Budgets for general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted
  accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees
  during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which
  were amended.
- 7. The budget is prepared by fund and function and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budget at the function level.

### NOTE 3 - TUSCOLA COUNTY SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM:

On May 8, 1984 the Township entered into a contract with the Village of Caro and Almer Township for the acquisition, improvement, enlargement and extension of the local sanitary sewer system. The 20% local share of construction costs has been financed by the issuance of County Revenue Bonds. Indianfields Township's portion of the local share is \$333,000. The bonds were refinanced in 1992 and again in October 31, 2002.

During 2002, Tuscola County advance refunded its outstanding Tuscola County Sanitary Sewer System (Caro Area) Bonds, dated May 1, 1992. The County issued \$1,240,000 general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be deceased and the liability has been removed from the general long-term debt account group. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$222,866 and obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$65,140. The Township's share of this bond is 12.6%.

The Township expects to repay its share plus interest, as well as operate and maintain the system, by charging an initial connection fee and monthly fees to users of the system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 3 - TUSCOLA COUNTY SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM, (Continued):

### ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS TO AMORTIZE LONG-TERM DEBT

# (PRINCIPAL ONLY) Year Ending March 31,

	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2009	\$16,380	\$2,742	\$19, <u>12</u> 2
2010	16,380	2,235	18,615
2011	15,750	1,694	17,444
2012	15,120	1,159	16,279
2013	<u> 17,010</u>	<u>629</u>	<u>17,639</u>
TOTAL	\$80,640	\$ 8,459	\$ 89.099

On November 22, 2006 Indianfields Township and the Village of Caro entered into an agreement to transfer full ownership, management, operations, control, and maintenance of the Treatment Plant and System to the Village of Caro at book value. The Village of Caro will enter into contracts with Tuscola County to construct improvements to the Treatment Plant at an estimated cost of \$7,700,000. In return, the Township has the right to use 8.3% of the capacity of the Treatment Plant and System. The Township will be responsible for its share of the outstanding 2002 bonds. The transfer of ownership and control is expected to be completed during the 2007-2008 fiscal year. Per the agreement, \$50,000 was deposited into a maintenance reserve fund for the System to be held by the Village. The Village will be responsible for billing and collecting from the Township customers. If the customer fails to pay within thirty days, the Township will become liable to the Village. The Township has agreed to install water meters on all sewer customers at the Townships' expense.

### **NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS:**

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	BALANCE MARCH 31, <u>2007</u>	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2008
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Building & Improvements Computer & Office Equipment Machinery & Equipment Vehicles	\$1,023,596 37,000 134,700 20,000	\$ 1,490 4,723 	***************************************	\$1,023,596 38,490 139,423 27,500
Total Cost	1,215,296	13,713	-	1,229,009
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(689,761</u> )	(40,188)	<u>-</u>	<u>(729,949</u> )
NET BOOK VALUE	\$ <u>525,535</u>	<u>\$(26,475</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 499,060</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 5 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash and investments are held separately by each of the Township's funds.

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the Township will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to charges in market interest rates, by: avoiding the need to sell securities prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in short term securities, money market mutual funds or similar public investment pools. Securities shall not normally be sold prior to maturity except to minimize loss of principal; to improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio, or to meet liquidity needs.

**Credit Risk.** State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's).

**Concentration of credit risk**. The Township will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

**Custodial credit risk- deposits.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2008, \$514,245 of the Township's bank balance of \$1,177,653 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The amount on the books is \$1,167,639.

**Custodial credit risk** – **investments.** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Township's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township at yearend. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the Township's or the Township's agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter-part's trust department or its agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counter party, or by its trust department or its agent but not in the Township's name. At March 31, 2008, the Township had no investments. Additional disclosures required by GASB 40 are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

The Township's cash, cash equivalents, investments and restricted assets at March 31, 2008 are composed of the following:

	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	INVESTMENTS	RESTRICTED ASSETS
General Fund:			<del></del>
Deposits	\$328,111		
Other Funds:			
Perpetual Care Fund			\$380,240
Capital Projects Fund	88,616		•
Sewer Fund	198,738		<u> 131,215</u>
Cemetery Fund	<u>(16,370)</u>		
Subtotal	559,095		<u>511,455</u>
Current Tax Collection Fund	57,089		
TOTAL	<u>\$656,184</u>	NONE	<u>\$511,455</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### **NOTE 6 - FIXED ASSETS:**

Summarles of proprietary fund type fixed assets that are stated at cost as of March 31, 2008 are as follows:

		Balance					E	Balance
	Mai	rch 31, 2007	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Marc	sh 31, 2008
Construction in Progress	\$	36,933			\$	36,933	\$	-
Sewer Lines		453,397				453,397		-
Building & equipment		1,061,241			,	1,061,241		
Loan closing costs		8,757						8,757
Bond discount		907						907
		1,561,235		_	,	1,551,571		9,664
Less accumulated depreciation								
& amortization		528,964		8,581		536,537		1,008
TOTAL	\$	1,032,271	\$	(8,581)	\$	1,015,034	\$	8,656

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over a 50-year life. Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended March 31, 2008 amounted to \$8,581.

### NOTE 7 - DUE TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS:

Due to and from other funds balances at March 31, 2008 are as follows:

FUND	DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS
Governmental Fund Types:		
General Fund	\$ 91,818	\$ 44,151
Cemetery Fund	102,537	50,812
Enterprise Fund:		·
Sewer fund	344	
Trust and agency:		
Current Tax Collection Fund		92,162
Perpetual Care Fund	<u>94,963</u>	102,537
TOTAL	\$289,662	\$289,662

### **NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX REVENUE:**

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county, intermediate school district, state education fund and school districts. All tax collections are accounted for in the tax collection fund, an agency fund. Township tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year that includes the December 1 levy date. The Township levied 2.6222 mills on a taxable value of \$137,356,138.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### **NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN:**

### **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN:**

On March 21, 1994, the Township of Indianfields elected to place all of its eligible employees into the Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) that is administered by the state of Michigan. The MERS was organized pursuant to Act No. 427, Public Acts of 1984, as amended, and the Constitution of the state of Michigan. The Township has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan.

Only the Township's full-time employees and elected officials are eligible to participate in the plan. As of March 31, 2008, the Township had nine employees who were covered under the plan; six of them are current employees.

The plan provides for vesting of benefits after six years of credited service. Participants may elect normal retirement at age 60 with 10 or more years of service. The plan also provides for early retirement at age 55 with 15 or more years of service, and at age 50 with 25 or more years of service. Election of early retirement is subject to reduction of benefits as outlined below.

Participants of the plan are entitled to a retirement benefit equal to the credited service at the time of membership termination multiplied by 1.5% of the member's final average compensation (5-year average). The retirement allowance is reduced ½% of 1% for each complete month that retirement precedes the age at which full normal retirement benefits are available. The plan provides that the employer contribute amounts necessary to fund the actuarially determined benefits. The Township makes employer contributions in accordance with funding requirements determined by MERS' actuary. The MERS' actuary uses the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Benefit provisions and contribution obligations have been established by the contract.

### **PENSION BENEFIT OBLIGATION:**

The Pension Benefit Obligation (PBO) which is the actuarial present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases and any step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess, on a going-concern basis, the funding status of the PERS to which contributions are made, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The pension benefit obligation is determined as part of an actuarial valuation.

The significant actuarial assumptions that are expected to be used to compute the actuarial accrued liabilities are as follows: (1) the entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining age and service benefit liabilities and normal cost; (2) an 8% rate of return on investment of present and future assets was used based on estimated long-term yield considering a) the nature and mix of current and expected investments; and b) the basis used to value those assets; (3) projected salary increases are based on 4.5% raises for merit, seniority and inflation rate allowances. Benefits will not increase after retirement except that some participants will receive cost of living allowances. Unfunded accrued liabilities are amortized over 30 years for positive and 10 years for negative balances.

### **CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE:**

### COMPUTED EMPLOYER COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

CALENDAD	CONTRIBUTION RATES AS PERCENT OF	COVERED	DOLLAR CONTRIBUTION FOR FISCAL YEAR		
CALENDAR <u>YEAR</u>	COVERED PAYROLL	COVERED PAYROLL	COMPUTED	<u>ACTUAL</u>	
2007 2006 2005	19.01% 16.71% 16.78%	\$95,799 \$94,147 \$91,996	\$18,216 \$15,732 \$15,437	\$18,246 \$18,935 \$15,499	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN, (Continued):

### GASB 25 And GASB 27 Information

The following information has been prepared to provide the information necessary to comply with GASB Statements Number 25 and 27. Statement 25 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 1996 and Statement 27 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 1997.

All entries and the annual employer contribution amount were based on the actuarial methods and assumptions used in December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation. The entry age normal actuarial method was used to determine the disclosure entries.

### GASB 25 Information (as of 12/31/2007)

Actuarial Accrued Liability	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	\$151,888
Terminated employees (vested former members) not yet receiving benefits	43,202
Non-vested terminated employees (pending refunds of accumulated member contributions)	o
Current Employees- Accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment income	0
Employer financed	<u>89,345</u>
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$284,435
Net Assets Available for Benefits at Actuarial Value	<u>57,251</u>
(Market Value is \$57,919)	
Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$227,184
GASB 27 Information (as of 12/31/2007)	
Fiscal Year Beginning	April 1, 2009
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$19,044*
Amortization Factor Used – Underfunded Liabilities (30 years)	0.055889

<sup>\*</sup>Based on valuation payroll. For divisions that are open to new hires the actual required contribution will be based on current monthly payroll (during the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2009) times the computed employer contribution rate(s) shown in Tables 15 & 16. The ARC shown here is the sum of the ARC's calculated separately for each division.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

### **NOTE 10 - CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL:**

Contributed capital currently exists only in the enterprise funds. This capital has been used along with other township resources to purchase or construct the water and sewer systems currently in use or still in construction within the Township. In order to more accurately reflect the equity remaining in these contributions, certain contributions are being amortized to retained earnings over 50 years. Amortization expense for the year totaled \$769.

### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above-described activities. The Township did not have any losses in the three prior fiscal years.

### **NOTE 12-TRANSFERS:**

The perpetual care fund transferred \$9,013 to the cemetery fund for operating purposes.

### NOTE 13 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS:

P.A. 621 of 1978, section 18 (1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended March 31, 2008 the township incurred expenditures in certain budgetary accounts, where the actual expenditures exceeded the appropriations as follows:

<u>Line items</u>	TOTAL APPROPRIATION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	UNFAVORABLE BUDGET <u>VARIANCE</u>
General Fund – Legislative	\$ 29,982	\$ 38,000	\$ 8,018
General Fund – General Government General Fund – Recreation and Cultural	\$182,633 \$ 44,900	\$195,122 \$ 45,141	\$12,489 \$ 241

### NOTE 14- VILLAGE OF CARO STATUS OF INCORPORATION PROCESS:

Part of Indianfields Township lies within the Village of Caro. The village is currently considering becoming a city. In regard to this issue the Township attorney states "The effort by Indianfields and Almer Townships to oppose the incorporation of the Village of Caro as a city was unsuccessful due to a referendum which endorsed incorporation. This represents a potential significant loss of a large percentage of the Township tax base where the incorporation is completed. This will not occur before 2009."



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Current property tax	\$ 329,816	\$329,816	\$344,623	\$ 14,807
Tax collection fees	35,000	35,000	35,719	719
Trailer fees	1,100	1,100	1,029	(71)
Total Taxes	365,916	365,916	381,371	15,455
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
State shared revenue	201,000	201,000	204,406	3,406
State shared revenue - metro	12,500	12,500	7,589	(4,911)
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	213,500	213,500	211,995	(1,505)
Charges For Services				
Land division fees	1,000	1,000	900	(100)
Permits	-	-	•	-
Fire calls	7,000	7,000	5,000	(2,000)
State fire protection	1,500_	1,500	6,993	5,493
Total Charges for Services	9,500	9,500	12,893	3,393
Interest and Rents				
Rental income	700	700	500	(200)
Interest income	10,700_	10,700	4,953	(5,747)
Total Interest and Rents	11,400	11,400	5,453	(5,947)
Miscellaneous Revenues:				
Other	6,000	6,000	8,697	2,697
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 606,316	\$ 806,316	\$620,409	\$ 14,093

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
EXPENDITURES:				
Legislative:				
Salaries - board	\$ 8,482	\$ 8,482	\$ 8,512	\$ (30)
Salaries - clerical	19,000	19,000	19,696	(696)
Memberships & dues	2,500	2,500	3,792	(1,292)
Capital outlay	-	-	6,000	(6,000)
Blight enforcement officer	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Legislative	29,982	29,982	38,000	(8,018)
General Government:				
Executive:				
Salaries - supervisor	16,638	16,638	16,638	-
Assessor-contracted services	26,075	26,075	27,977	(1,902)
Office supplies	3,900	3,900	6,935	(3,035)
Professional services	17,200	17,200	30,690	(13,490)
Travel	500	500		500
Total Executive	64,313	64,313	82,240	(17,927)
Elections:				
Office supplies	750	750	553	197
Election fees and equipment	4,000	4,000	5,370	(1,370)
Total Elections	4,750	4,750	5,923	(1,173)
Clerk:				
Salaries - clerk	16,638	16,638	16,638	-
Office supplies	-	-	-	-
Salaries - Deputy clerk	2,122	2,122	2,651	(529)
Equipment	100_	100		100
Total Clerk	18,860	18,860	19,289	(429)

(Continued)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
EXPENDITURES, (Continued):				
Treasurer:				
Salaries - treasurer Office supplies	\$ 16,638 -	\$ 16,638 -	\$ 16,638 -	\$ - -
Tax roll preparation	6,000	6,000	9,439	(3,439)
Salaries - deputy	2,122	2,122	2,877	(755)
Dues	50_	50	35	15_
Total Treasurer	24,810	24,810	28,989	(4,179)
Board of Review:				
Salaries	2,500	2,500	1,475	1,025
Travel		<del>-</del>	-	-
Total Board of Review	2,500	2,500	1,475	1,025
Other Expenditures:				
Employer share- FICA	17,000	17,000	7,797	9,203
Retirement	16,500	16,500	18,246	(1,746)
Life insurance	50	50	397	(347)
Hospitalization	13,000	13,000	15,915	(2,915)
Unemployment	850	850	83	767
Workers compensation	6,500	6,500	2,146	4,354
Interest Expense	-	-	-	•
Public official bond	40.500	40.500	40.000	070
Liability, property & auto	13,500	13,500	12,622	878
Total Other Expenditures	67,400	67,400	57,206	10,194
Total General Government	182,633	182,633	195,122	(12,489)
Public Safety:				
Fire Department:				
Contracted services	39,150	39,150	38,003	1,147
Township Police	2,850	2,850	1,202	1,648
Thumb Narcotic Unit		1,000	-	1,000
Total Public Safety	42,000	43,000	39,205	3,795

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

EXPENDITURES, (Continued): Public works:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Sanitation:	1.			
Contracted services	\$ 114,816	<u>\$114,816</u>	\$110,291	\$ 4,525
Street Lighting	2,500	2,500	2,254	246
Airport Authority	12,000	12,000	11,998	2
EDC	3,000	3,000	3,000	
Metro Act Expenses	0	0	0	<u> </u>
Highways and Streets	88,035	88,035	48,554	39,481
Caro Transit		-	<del>-</del>	
Zoning Board: Salaries & fees	6,300_	6,300	4,683	1,617
Total Zoning Board	6,300	6,300	4,683	1,617
Total Public Works	226,651	226,651	180,780	45,871
Recreation and Cultural: Township Hali:				
Equipment	3,500	3,500	-	3,500
Telephone	3,000	2,000	3,678	(1,678)
Printing & publishing	2,500	2,500	2,704	(204)
Repairs & supplies	1,000	1,000	2,943	(1,943)
Office supplies Postage	3,000 4,000	3,000 4,000	3,520 5,665	(520) (1,665)
Total Township Hall	17,000	16,000	18,510	(2,510)
Parks & Recreation:				
Salaries	12,000	12,000	13,299	(1,299)
Operating supplies	2,200	2,200	3,205	(1,005)
Equipment & land improvements	5,000	5,000	1,300	3,700
Repairs & maintenance supplies	500	500	1.089	(589)
Equipment repairs	3,500	3,500	3,000	500
Utilities	1,500	1,500	1,595	(95)
Building repairs	2,500	2,500	1,405	1,095
Vehicle repairs	500	500	,	500
Office supplies	150	150	-	150
Contracted Services	-	-	750	(750)
Telephone	750	750	988	(238)
Printing	300	300		300
Total Parks & Recreation	28,900	28,900	26,631	2,269

(Continued)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
EXPENDITURES, (Continued):					
Total Recreation and Cultural	\$ 45,900	\$ 44,900	\$ 45,141	\$ (241)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	527,166	527,166	498,248	28,918	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	79,150	79,150	122,161	43,011	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers - in Loan Payments Operating transfers - out	-	- -	- -	- - -	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-				
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER EXPENDITURES	79,150	79,150	122,161	43,011	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	183,914	183,914	183,914		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 263,064	\$263,064	\$306,075	\$ 43,011	

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CEMETERY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

# CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

**VARIANCE-**

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:				
Charges for Services:				
Cremation openings	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 4,640	\$ 3,140
Foundations	3,500	3,500	4,642	1,142
Grave openings	25,000	25,000	28,350	3,350
Lot Sales & Upkeep	10,000	10,000_	12,487	2,487
Total Charges for Services	40,000	40,000	50,119	10,119
Miscellaneous Revenues:				
Interest	-	-	(1)	(1)
Sales - other	-	-	3,955	3,955
Donations Received		<u></u>	-	
Total Miscellaneous Revenues			3,954	3,954
TOTAL REVENUES	40,000	40,000	54,073	14,073
EXPENDITURES:				
Salaries & wages	59,000	59,000	55,200	3,800
Taxes - F.I.C.A.	5,000	5,000	4,223	777
Employee benefits	, -	· -	-	•
Office supplies	500	500	358	142
Operating supplies	5,000	5,000	7,597	(2,597)
Taxes - unemployment	-	-	769	(769)
Telephone	1,840	1,840	2,077	(237)
Insurance & bonds	-	-	-	-
Utilities	5,000	5,000	7,823	(2,823)
Land improvements	10,000	10,000	4,669	5,331
Miscellaneous	1,200	1,200	3,909	(2,709)
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	6,075	(3,575)
Repairs & maintenance	8,500	8,500	3,620	4,880
Pension				

(Continued)

TOTAL EXPENDITURES

98,540

98,540

96,320

2,220

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CEMETERY FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	ORIGNAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
(Continued)				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (58,540)	\$ (58,540)	\$ (42,247)	\$ 16,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Operating transfers in: Operating transfers (out):			16,162 (25,175)	16,162 (25,175)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	-	-	(9,013)	(9,013)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(58,540)	(58,540)	(51,260)	7,280
LA ENDITORES	(00,040)	(50,040)	(01,200)	7,200
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	86,615	86,615	86,615	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 28,075	\$ 28,075	\$ 35,355	\$ 7,280



# CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES March 31, 2008

	BALANCE APRIL 1, 2007	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2008
ASSETS: Cash Taxes - receivable	\$ 76,044 492,125	\$ 3,653,660	\$ 18,955 3,572,347	\$ 57,089 573,438
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 568,169	\$ 3,653,660	\$ 3,591,302	\$ 630,527
<u>LIABILITIES;</u>				
Amounts payable	-			_
Due to general fund Due to library Due to county Due to schools Due to sewer fund Due to Caro Transit Authority	\$ 60,305 29,306 120,245 290,066 460 19,659	\$ 234,942 204,767 676,604 2,162,814 10,528 152,429	\$ 249,713 207,109 659,708 2,233,388 10,412 153,934	\$ 75,076 31,648 103,349 360,840 344 21,164
Due to State of Michigan	32,022	32,022	21,564	21,564
Due to Refuse Fund	16,106	117,196	117,832	16,742
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 568,169	\$ 3,591,302	\$ 3,653,660	\$ 630,527



# ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Gary R, Anderson, CPA Jerry J. Bernhardt, CPA Thomas B, Doran, CPA Valeric J. Hartel, CPA Terry L. Haske, CPA Jamie L. Peasley, CPA Timothy Franzel

Robert L. Tuckey, CPA

September 5, 2008

Members of the Board Township of Indianfields

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Township of Indianfields as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of Internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Township's internal control. During the course of the audit, we observed the following significant deficiencies:

#### Segregation of Duties

Due to the limited number of people, many critical duties are combined and given to the available employees. To the extent possible, duties should be segregated to serve as a check and balance and to maintain the best control system possible. We recommend the Township segregate duties whenever possible.

#### Financial Statements

After considering the qualifications of the accounting personnel of the Township of Indianfields, we believe that the personnel have the abilities to maintain the day-to-day bookkeeping of the Township, but they do not have the qualifications and abilities to generate financial statements, including the required footnotes, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Cash Receipts Procedures

People other than the Township Treasurer are receiving funds for the Township. These are primarily for Zoning, Park, and Cemetery functions. We recommend the prenumbered receipts be used by everyone collecting money for the Townships. The completed receipts and the funds should be turned over to the Township no less than weekly.

#### **Payroll Procedures**

Not all timesheets were approved by a supervisor prior to payment. If this was done, it wasn't properly documented. We recommend the Township's review its payroll procedures and controls to insure proper verification and payment.

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Office locations in Caro, Cass City & Marlette

Members of the Board September 5, 2008 Page two

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Township's internal control. No such findings were discovered during the course of the audit.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting and internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described above and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and others within the governmental unit and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to the Township of Indianfields and look forward each year to continuing our relationship. The cooperation extended to us by your staff throughout the audit was greatly appreciated. Should you wish to discuss any item included in this letter further, we would be happy to do so.

Very truly yours,

anteren, Tucky, Remlandt Hann, Re.

Anderson, Tuckey, Bernhardt & Doran, P.C. Certified Public Accountants



# ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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Jamie L. Peasley, CPA
Timothy Franzel

Robert L. Tuckey, CPA

September 5, 2008

To the Members of the Board Township of Indianfields

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Indianfields for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated September 5, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

#### Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated May 19, 2008, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on May 28, 2008.

#### Significant Audit Findings .

#### Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Township of Indianfields are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Township of Indianfields changed its accounting policies related to full accrual financial statements by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 34, in 2008. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year is reported in Note 1. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

#### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

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Members of the Board September 5, 2008 Page two

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 5, 2008.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Members of the Board and management of the Township of Indianfields and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

ankum, Tucky, Remlardt & Down, Re.

Anderson, Tuckey, Bernhardt, & Doran, P.C. Certified Public Accountants